

#### A 1.55V to 5.25V, 1.9µA, 9kHz to 300kHz Silicon Timer

### FEATURES

- ♦ Ultra Low Supply Current: 1.9µA at 25kHz
- Supply Voltage Operation: 1.55V to 5.25V
- Single Resistor Sets FOUT at 50% Duty Cycle
- FOUT Period:
  - $9kHz \le FOUT \le 300kHz$
- Single Resistor Sets Output Frequency
- FOUT Period Accuracy: 3%
- ♦ FOUT Period Drift: 0.02%/°C
- FOUT Output Driver Resistance: 160Ω

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Portable and Battery-Powered Equipment Low-Parts-Count Nanopower Oscillator Compact Micropower Replacement for Crystal and Ceramic Oscillators Micropower Pulse-width Modulation Control Micropower Pulse-position Modulation Control Micropower Clock Generation Micropower Sequential Timing

## DESCRIPTION

The TS3006 is a single-supply, second-generation oscillator/timer fully specified to operate at a supply voltage range of 1.55V to 5.25V while consuming less than 2.4µA(max) supply current. Requiring only a resistor to set the base output frequency (or output period) at 25kHz (or 40µs) with a 50% duty cycle, the TS3006 timer/oscillator is compact, easy-to-use, and versatile. Optimized for ultra-long life, low frequency, battery-powered/portable applications, the TS3006 joins the TS3001, TS3002, TS3004, and TS3005 in the CMOS timer family of "NanoWatt Analog™" high-performance analog integrated circuits.

The TS3006 output frequency can be user-adjusted from 9kHz to 300kHz with a single resistor. In addition, the TS3006 represents a 25% reduction in pcb area and a factor-of-10 lower power consumption over other CMOS-based integrated circuit oscillators/timers. When compared against industrystandard 555-timer-based products, the TS3006 offers up to 84% reduction in pcb area and over three orders of magnitude lower power consumption.

The TS3006 is fully specified over the -40°C to +85°C temperature range and is available in a low-profile, 8-pin 3x3mm TDFN package with an exposed back-side paddle.

## **TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT**





## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

V <sub>DD</sub> to GND	
PWM_CNTRL to GND	
FOUT, PWMOUT to GND	
RSET to GND	
CPWM to GND	
FDIV to GND	0.3V to +5.5V

Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ )	
8-Pin TDFN (Derate at 23.8mW/°C above +70°C)	. 1951mW
Operating Temperature Range40°C	C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C	to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Electrical and thermal stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to any absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

### **PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION**



Lead-free Program: Silicon Labs supplies only lead-free packaging.

Consult Silicon Labs for products specified with wider operating temperature ranges.



## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $V_{DD} = 3V$ ,  $V_{PWM\_CNTRL} = V_{DD}$ ,  $R_{SET} = 4.32M\Omega$ ,  $R_{LOAD(FOUT)} = Open Circuit$ ,  $C_{LOAD(FOUT)} = 0pF$  unless otherwise noted. Values are at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise noted. See Note 1.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>			1.55		5.25	V
Supply Current					1.9	2.4	
Supply Current	I <sub>DD</sub>		$-40^{\circ}\mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T_{A}} \leq 85^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$			2.7	2.7 µA
FOUT Period				39	40.1	41.2	μs
	t <sub>FOUT</sub>		$-40^{\circ}\mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T_{A}} \leq 85^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	38		42	
FOUT Period Line Regulation	Δt <sub>FOUT</sub> /V	$1.55V \le V_{DD} \le 5.25V$			0.17		%/V
FOUT Duty cycle				49		51	%
FOUT Period Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta t_{FOUT}/\Delta T$				0.02		%/°C
UVLO Hysteresis	V <sub>UVLO</sub>	$(V_{DD}=1.55V) - (V_{DD\_SHUTDOWN VOLTAGE})$		150		250	mV
FOUT Rise Time	t <sub>RISE</sub>	See Note 2, $C_L = 15pF$			10		ns
FOUT Fall Time	t <sub>FALL</sub>	See Note 2, $C_L = 15pF$			10		ns
FOUT Jitter		See Note 3			0.001		%
RSET Pin Voltage	V(RSET)				0.3		V
Maximum Oscillator Frequency	Fosc	RSET= 360K				300	kHz
High Level Output Voltage, FOUT	V <sub>DD</sub> - V <sub>OH</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = 1mA			160		mV
Low Level Output Voltage, FOUT	V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 1mA			140		mV

Note 1: All devices are 100% production tested at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C and are guaranteed by characterization for T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, as specified.
 Note 2: Output rise and fall times are measured between the 10% and 90% of the V<sub>DD</sub> power-supply voltage levels. The specification is based on lab bench characterization and is not tested in production.

Note 3: Timing jitter is the ratio of the peak-to-peak variation of the period to the mean of the period. The specification is based on lab bench characterization and is not tested in production.





60

60

85

85

#### **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**

 $V_{DD} = 3V$ ,  $V_{PWM\_CNTRL} = V_{DD}$ ,  $R_{SET} = 4.32M\Omega$ ,  $R_{LOAD(FOUT)} = Open Circuit$ ,  $C_{LOAD(FOUT)} = 0pF$  unless otherwise noted. Values are at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise noted.



5.25

4.51



#### **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**

 $V_{DD} = 3V$ ,  $V_{PWM\_CNTRL} = V_{DD}$ ,  $R_{SET} = 4.32M\Omega$ ,  $R_{LOAD(FOUT)} = Open Circuit$ ,  $C_{LOAD(FOUT)} = 0pF$  unless otherwise noted. Values are at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise noted.









5µs/DIV



FOUT V<sub>DD</sub> = 5V, C<sub>LOAD</sub> = 15pF



5µs/DIV



#### **PIN FUNCTIONS**

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	FOUT	Fixed Frequency Output. A push-pull output stage with an output resistance of $160\Omega$ . FOUT pin swings from GND to VDD. For lowest power operation, capacitance loads should be minimized and resistive loads should be maximized.
2	NC	Non-Connect.
3,4,5,6	GND	Ground. Connect this pin to the system's analog ground plane.
7	VDD	Power Supply Voltage Input. The supply voltage range is $1.55V \le V_{DD} \le 5.25V$ . Bypass this pin with a 0.1uF ceramic coupling capacitor in close proximity to the TS3006.
8	RSET	FOUT Programming Resistor Input. A 4.32MOhm resistor connected from this pin to ground sets the T3003's internal oscillator's output period to 40µs (25KHz). For optimal performance, the composition of the RSET resistor shall be consistent with a tolerance of 1% or lower. The RSET pin voltage is approximately 0.3V.

## **BLOCK DIAGRAM**





### THEORY OF OPERATION

The TS3006 is a user-programmable oscillator where the period of the square wave at its FOUT terminal is generated by an external resistor connected to the RSET pin. The output frequency is given by:

FOUT (kHz) =  $\frac{1.08E11}{RSET}$ 

Equation 1. FOUT Frequency Calculation

With an  $R_{SET} = 4.32M\Omega$ , the output frequency is approximately 25kHz with a 50% duty cycle. As design aids, Tables 1 lists TS3006's typical FOUT for various standard values for  $R_{SET}$ .

Rset <b>(ΜΩ)</b>	FOUT (kHz)
0.360	300
1	108
2.49	43.37
4.32	25
6.81	15.86
9.76	11.07
12	9

 Table 1: FOUT vs RSET

Connect CPWM to VDD to disable the PWM function and in turn, save power. Connect PWM\_CNTRL to VDD for a fixed PWMOUT output pulse width, which is determined by the CPWM pin capacitor only.

#### **APPLICATIONS INFORMATION**

#### **Minimizing Power Consumption**

To keep the TS3006's power consumption low, resistive loads at the FOUT and PWMOUT terminals increase dc power consumption and therefore should be as large as possible. Capacitive loads at the FOUT and PWMOUT terminals increase the TS3006's transient power consumption and, as well, should be as small as possible.

One challenge to minimizing the TS3006's transient power consumption is the probe capacitance of oscilloscopes and frequency counter instruments. Most instruments exhibit an input capacitance of 15pF or more. Unless buffered, the increase in transient load current can be as much as 400nA. To minimize capacitive loading, the technique shown in Figure 1 can be used. In this circuit, the principle of series-connected capacitors can be used to reduce the effective capacitive load at the TS3006's FOUT and PWMOUT terminals.



Figure 1: Using an External Capacitor in Series with Probes Reduces Effective Capacitive Load.

To determine the optimal value for  $C_{EXT}$  once the probe capacitance is known by simply solving for  $C_{EXT}$  using the following expression:

$$C_{EXT} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{C_{LOAD(EFF)}} - \frac{1}{C_{PROBE}}}$$

#### Equation 2: External Capacitor Calculation

For example, if the instrument's input probe capacitance is 15pF and the desired effective load capacitance at either or both FOUT and PWMOUT terminals is to be  $\leq$ 5pF, then the value of C<sub>EXT</sub> should be  $\leq$ 7.5pF.

#### TS3006 Start-up Time

As the TS3006 is powered up, its FOUT terminal (and PWMOUT terminal, if enabled) is active once the applied VDD is higher than 1.55V. Once the applied VDD is higher than 1.55V, the master oscillator achieves steady-state operation within 8ms.



# Using a Potentiometer to Trim the TS3006's Output Frequency

By using a fixed resistor and a potentiometer, the output frequency of the TS3006 can be trimmed as shown in Figure 2. By selecting a fixed resistor R1 with a tolerance of 0.1% and a potentiometer P1 with a 5% tolerance, the output frequency can be trimmed to provide a  $\pm 2\%$  trimming range



Figure 2: Using a Fixed Resistor and a Potentiometer to Trim the TS3006's Output Frequency.



#### PACKAGE OUTLINE DRAWING



8-Pin TDFN33 Package Outline Drawing

NOTE: CONTROLLING DIMENTIONS IN MILIMETERS Compliant with JEDEC MO-229

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